

1. What percent of a day is half an hour?

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Q1) } \% \text{ of day} &= \frac{1}{2} \text{ hr} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{x}{100} \times 24 \text{ hr} &= \frac{1}{2} \text{ hr} \\ \Rightarrow x &= \left(\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{100}{24} \right) \times 25 \\ \Rightarrow x &= \frac{25}{18} = 2\frac{1}{12} \% \end{aligned}$$

2. (a) Express as percentage: $\frac{3}{11}$; $\frac{7}{25}$; $\frac{6}{10}$

(b) express as Fraction $33\frac{1}{3}\%$; $66\frac{2}{3}\%$; 75%

$$\begin{aligned} \text{2) a) i) } \frac{3}{11} &= \frac{3}{11} \times 100 \% = \frac{300}{11} = 27\frac{3}{11} \% \\ \text{ii) } \frac{7}{25} &= \frac{7}{25} \times 100 \% = 28 \% \\ \text{iii) } \frac{6}{10} &= \frac{6}{10} \times 100 \% = 60 \% \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) i) } 33\frac{1}{3} \% &= \frac{100}{3} = 33\frac{1}{3} \\ \text{ii) } 66\frac{2}{3} \% &= \frac{200}{3} \\ \text{iii) } 75 \% &= \frac{75}{100} = \frac{15}{20} = \frac{3}{4} \end{aligned}$$

3. Find the number which is 15% less than 240

3) 15% of $240 = \frac{15}{100} \times 240 = 36$
 \therefore Required no $= 240 - 36 = 204$

4. Express as Decimal 25% , 125% , $16\frac{2}{3}\%$, 1%

04) i) $25\% \Rightarrow \frac{25}{100} = 0.25$
 ii) $125\% = \frac{125}{100} = 1.25$
 iii) $16\frac{2}{3}\% = \frac{50}{3} \div 100 = \frac{50}{3} \times \frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}{6} = 0.16$
 iv) $1\% = \frac{1}{100} = 0.01$

5. Express as percentage: 1.26 , 0.01 , 0.056

05) a) $1.25 = \frac{1.25 \times 100}{100} = 125\%$
 b) $0.01 = \frac{0.01 \times 100}{100} = 1\%$
 c) $0.056 = \frac{0.056 \times 100}{100} = 5.6\%$

6. Fill in the blanks: (i) 7 Paise = _____ % of a rupee

(ii) 200 gm = _____ % of a kg

(iii) 50 cm = _____ % of a meter

(iv) 216 ml = _____ % a lit.

(v) 650 m = _____ % of a km

(v) 30 ml = _____ % of a lit.

JSUNIL TUTORIAL

ACBSE Coaching for Mathematics and Science

$$06) i) 7 \text{ paise} = \frac{7}{100} \text{ of a rupee}$$

$$ii) 200 \text{ gm} = \frac{200 \times 100}{1000} \text{ of a kg}$$

$$iii) 50 \text{ cm} = \frac{50 \times 100}{100} \text{ of a meter}$$

$$iv) 215 \text{ ml} = \frac{215 \times 100}{1000} \text{ of a liter} = 21.5$$

$$v) 550 \text{ m} = \frac{550 \times 100}{1000} \text{ of a km} = 55$$

$$vi) 30 \text{ ml} = \frac{30 \times 100}{1000} \text{ of a liter} = 3$$

7. Find (i) 30% of 50 (ii) 90 % of 100 (iii) $3\frac{1}{5}$ % of 500

$$07) i) 30 \% \text{ of } 50$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{30}{100} \times 50 = 15$$

$$ii) 90 \% \text{ of } 100$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{90}{100} \times 100 = 90$$

$$iii) 3\frac{1}{5} \% \text{ of } 500$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{31}{5} \times \frac{1}{100} \times 500 = 31$$

8. What is the number whose 50 % is equal to 80.

Q8) Let the number be x

$$50\% \text{ of } x = 80$$

$$\frac{50}{100} \times x = 80$$

$$x = \frac{80 \times 100}{50}$$

$$x = 160$$

9. What percent of 45 min. is 15 min

10. Which is more 20 % of 450 or, 40 % of 230

9) $\frac{x}{100} \times 45 = 15$

$$x = \frac{15 \times 100}{45}$$

$$x = 33 \frac{1}{3}$$

10) $\frac{20}{100} \times 450 = 90$

$$\frac{40}{100} \times 230 = 92$$

So, 40 % of 230 is more

11. Neha got 68% in Hindi. Find how many marks he got out of 25 ?

11) $\frac{68}{100} \times 25 = 17$

12. An alloy consists of 30% copper and 40% zinc, and the remaining is nickel. Find the amount of nickel in 20 kilograms of the alloy.

$$\begin{aligned}
 12) \quad \text{Nickel} &= 30\% \text{ Alloy} \\
 &= \frac{30}{100} \times 20 \\
 &= 6 \text{ kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

13. 90 % of total student were present. Find the percentage of student absent if total students were 1200?

$$\begin{aligned}
 13) \quad \text{Present} &= 90\% \text{ of student} \\
 \text{Absent} &= 10\% \text{ of student} \\
 &= \frac{10}{100} \times 1200 = 120 \text{ students}
 \end{aligned}$$

14. Ashas's age is 20 % more than Sneha's age . Find the age of Sneha's if the age of Asha is 20 years.

$$\begin{aligned}
 14) \quad \text{Asha age} &= 20 \text{ yrs}, \text{ Sneha} = 20 \text{ yrs} + 20\% \text{ of } 20 \\
 &= 20 + \frac{20}{100} \times 20 \\
 &= 24 \text{ yrs}
 \end{aligned}$$

15. To pass an examination 48 % of marks are needed. Rahul gets 168 marks and fail by 36 marks .What is the maximum marks of Examination.

$$\begin{aligned}
 15) \quad \text{Pass} &= 48\% \text{ of max marks} \\
 (168 + 36) &= \frac{48}{100} \times x \\
 204 &= \frac{48}{100} \times x \\
 204 \times 100 &= 48x \\
 20400 &= 48x \\
 425 &= x
 \end{aligned}$$

16. A number is increased by 10% and then decreased by 10%. Find net increase or decrease per cent.

16) Let no. be = 100

Increase = $100 + 10\% \text{ of } 100$
 $= 100 + 10$
 $= 110$

Decreased no. = $110 - 10\% \text{ of } 110$
 $= 110 - \frac{10}{100} \times 110$
 $= 110 - 11$
 $= 99$

Net decrease = $100 - 99$
 $= 1\%$

17. In a class, section A has 42 boys out of total 75 students, section B has 60% girls in total student strength of 80 and section C has two third boys among 45 students. Find the aggregate percentage of boys.

17) Section A \rightarrow Boys = 42, Total student = 75
 $\% \text{ of boys} = \frac{42}{75} \times 100 = 56\%$

Section B \rightarrow girls = 60, Boys = 20, Student = 80
 $\% \text{ of boys} = \frac{20}{80} \times 100 = 25\%$

Section C \rightarrow Boys = $\frac{2}{3} \times 45 = 30$, total 45
 $\% \text{ of boys} = \frac{30}{45} \times 100$
 $= \frac{200}{3} = 66\frac{2}{3}\%$

18. Prices of bananas have changed from 5 for a rupee to 4 for a rupee. Find the percentage increase in price.

18) Original price 5 for ₹1
 Cost of 1 banana = $\frac{1}{5} = 0.20$ paisa
 New price 4 for ₹1
 New Price of 1 banana = $\frac{1}{4} = 0.25$ paisa
 Increase in price = $0.25 - 0.20 = 0.05$
 % increase = $\left(\frac{0.05}{0.20} \times 100 \right) = 25\%$

19. Sandhy's height increased by 20% last year and by 15% this year. What is the total percent increase in 2 years?

19) Let original height = 100 cm
 height increase in last year = 20% of 100 = 20
 New height = 100 + 20 = 120 cm

Height increase in this year = 15% of 120
 $\frac{15}{100} \times 120 = 18$ cm
 New height = 120 + 18 = 138
 Net increase in height = 138 - 100 = 38
 % increase = $\left(\frac{38}{100} \times 100 \right) = 38\%$

20. Price of a commodity decreased by 10% last year and increased by 20% this year. Find the % change in price in two years.

20) Let original price = 100 %
Decrease in last year = 10% of 100
= 10
New price = 100 - 10
= 90
Price increase in this year = 20% of 90
= $\frac{20}{100} \times 90$
= 18
New Price = 90 + 18
= 108
Net increase = 108 - 100
= 8%

JSUNIL