साधना देवी विद्यापीठ

Punjabi Colony (Dharampur) Samastipur. 848101 (Bihar)
Final Examination- 2019-20
Time:- 2.30brs

Class:- VII F.M. :-100 Sub :- Science Phy + Che 10 Fill in the blanks. 1. layer is also called the R horizon (i) and horizons are mixed by farmers while ploughing. (ii) (iii) Air expands on Hot air moves and cold air its place. (iv) A concave mirror always produces a and image. (V) A plane mirror shows inversion of image. (vi) Aguifers are a source of (vii) The upper layer of underground water is called (viii) Alens is thicker at the centre than the edges. (ix) A Splits sunlights into seven colours. (x) 10 Write True or False. Terrace farming helps in soil erosion. (i) Acid rain does not cause soil pollution. (ii) Warm air is lighter than cold air. (iii) The speed of the wind is measured by a wind vane. (iv) Light travels in a straight line. (v) The spectrum has nine colours. (vi) There is no need to conserve water. (vii) 97 percent of the water on the earth is freshwater. (viii) Industrial waste may contain harmful chemicals. (ix) Cities do not have wastewater treatment plants. (x) Give reasons for the following. A concave mirror is used as a dentist's mirror. (i) We cannot see a light source through a bent tube. (ii) Soil is a non - renewable natural resource. (iii) Plastic and metal should not be thrown in the soil. (iv) old people wear spectacles having convex lenses. (v) Match the following -(i) Direction of wind (a) Extratropical cyclones (ii) Anemometer (b) Lighter (iii) Warm air (c) Heavier (iv) Cold air (d) Speed of wind (v) Cyclone in mid - latitudes (e) Wind vane

5.	Give	e one word for the folloing.	-
	(i)	A cyclone in South - East Asia.	5
	(ii)	A low pressure area in the parameter in which the wind the	1
	 (ii) A low pressure area in the atmosphere in which the wind the move in spirally. (iii) The calm, cloudless are of a cyclone. 		
	(iv)	A storm whose wind speed is around 64 - 80km/h.	
	(v)	Cyclones of the temperate Litudes, espicially in Furna	
6.	(v) Cyclones of the temperate latitudes, espicially in Europe. Define the following.		
0,	(i)	Hurricane	5
	(ii)	Drip irrigation	
	(iii)		
	(iv)	Sewage	
1	(v)	Weathering Tornado	
7.	A TOTAL OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	一一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一	
	(i)	rt answer type question.	10
	(ii)	List the different components of soil.	
	(iii)	What is atmospheric pressure?	
	(iv)	Differentiate between Reflection and Refraction.	
	(v)	Write two properties of pure water.	
8.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	What is wastewater? What does it contain? g answer type questions.	
	(i)		15
	(ii)	What is weathering? Explain the different types of weathering. What is a cyclone? How is it formed?	
	(iii)	State three uses each of concave and convex mirror.	
Winter-	(iv)	Differentiate between precipitation and condensation.	
a ve	(v)	What is rainwater harvesting system? How does it help to conserve water	
		Bio	?
1.	Give one word for the following		1
	(i)	The protein which absorbs oxygen in the blood -	5
13 1	(ii)	The blood vessels which carry blood rich in carbondioxide -	
	(iii)	A single - called reproductive body which is produced by fungus -	
	(iv)	Reproductive cells produced by male and female plants -	
	(v)	Large scale felling of trees -	66
2.	Shor	t answer.	
	(i)	Why are forest called the lungs of the earth?	9
	(ii)	What is the forest floor? What are its characteristics?	
	(iii)	What are the disadvantages of vegetative propagation?	
	(iv)	Why do seeds require water for germination?	
	(v)	Explain the structure of nephron.	F 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	(vi)	Name the tiny filtering unit present in kidney.	
3.	Long	g answer type questions.	
gi gin	(a)	With the help of a labelled diagram describe the excretary	8
	1,00	human beings.	
	(b)	Describe the different kinds of asexual reproduction with examples.	
4.	Diffe		
1 160	(a)	fission and budding (b) ovule and	8
	(c)	afforestation and disc.	
	. 614	arrolestation and deforestation (d) auricles and ventricles	1