

SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT —1 (2016-17) SOCIAL SCIENCE Class — IX

1. Who was the leader of the Jacobin Club in France?
2. Narmada and Tapi flow through which type of valley?
3. Jammu and Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh, Uttarakhand, Sikkim, Arunachal Pradesh share international boundary with which country.
4. In which island active volcano is found in Andaman Nicobar Islands?
5. Who appeared to the black people to forgive the whites for the atrocities they had committed in South Africa?
6. Who imposed martial law in Poland in 1981?
7. When did Mexico get independence?
8. Which type of farmers in Palampur borrows the most?
9. Explain any three causes of the French Revolution.
10. Explain any two differences between the political ideas of liberals and those of the radicals in Russia in the early 20th century OR, Define genocidal War. Mention its effects.
11. Who was Giuseppe Mazzini? Explain his ideology
OR, State three types of organised forces created by the Nazi State.
12. Name one east flowing and one west flowing peninsular river. Explain any two points of distinction between them
13. State the latitudinal and longitudinal extent of India's mainland. What is the latitude of Tropic of Cancer?
14. Explain any three features of the Deccan Plateau.
15. Describe any three important features of the Krishna Basin
16. What is a referendum? Mention the democratic values that were not being practiced during the rule of Pinochet
17. Compare and contrast democratic and non democratic types of governments.
18. 'Democracy keeps a diverse country like India together. How?
19. 'Development of population into human resource leads to development of nation. Explain with three examples.
20. How has the environment been adversely affected by the Green revolution? Explain.

21 How were the ideas of liberty and equality brought into practice by the revolutionary government?

Explain.

22 Describe the main five changes brought about by the Bolsheviks immediately after the October Revolution of 1917, OR, Explain Hitler's ideology regarding women and his policy towards them

23. India has a strategic importance of central location in entre Asia "Support this statement with five arguments.

24. Explain with five facts the transition from Apartheid to democracy and multi-racial government take place in South Africa.,

25 .Walesa soon emerged as the leader of the striking workers' (a) why did he join strike? (b) what demand were raised by the striking workers?

26 . Explain any five effects of unemployment on the overall growth of an economy.

27. 'Green Revolution is associated with loss of soil fertility". In the light of the statement mention five problems caused by modern farming

29. In what way is the human capital superior to other sources like physical capital? How can a large population be turned into a productive assets? Explain any four methods.

29. Three items A, B and C are shown in the given outline map of France. Identify these items with the help of following information and write their correct names on the lines marked on the map.

(A) A city whose name is associated with the National Anthem of France. (b) Region not affected by the great fear. (C) Capita of France

30. On the given political outline map of India, locate and label the following with appropriate symbols.

(X) A state that shares the longest boundary with Bangladesh

(Y) Karakoram Range (Z) Kaveri River