

SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT - I (2016-17)
SOCIAL SCIENCEAnsuman Swain
Class - IX

Time allowed : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 90

General Instructions :

- (i) The question paper has 30 questions in all. All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) Marks are indicated against each question.
- (iii) Questions from serial number 1 to 8 are very short answer type questions. Each question carries one mark.
- (iv) Questions from serial number 9 to 20 are 3 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 80 words each.
- (v) Questions from serial number 21 to 28 are 5 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 120 words each.
- (vi) Question number 29 and 30 are map questions of 3 marks each, from History and Geography respectively. After completion, attach the maps inside your answer book.

- Q No.1. Who proposed division of power within government ? (1)
- Q No.2. Name the river which passes through three countries (1)
- Q No.3. Which is the western most longitude of India? (1)
- Q No.4. Which islands group of India is composed of small corals ? (1)
- Q No.5. After which important historical event did the American make their Constitution ? (1)
- Q No.6. Which countries had supported military coup led by General Augusto Pinochet ? (1)
- Q No.7. During which period did China record its worst famine in the world's history ? (1)
- Q No.8. Give two examples of fixed capital. (1)
- Q No.9. Describe any three consequences of the French Revolution on France. (3)
- Q No.10. (a) State one idea different from each other for liberals, radicals and conservatives. (3)
- OR**
- Q No.10. (b) Mention three youth organisations that were responsible for educating German youth in the spirit of National Socialism. (3)
- Q No.11. (a) Give the view points of the liberals and the socialist about private property in Europe. (3)
- OR**
- Q No.11. (b) Explain the position of Jews in Nazi Germany. (3)
- Q No.12. Mention any three similarities between the Himalayan rivers and Peninsular rivers. (3)
- Q No.13. India accounts for about 2.4 percent of the total geographical area of the world but supports the second largest population of the world. What are its three implications ? (3)
- Q No.14. Why are most of the Peninsular rivers draining into the Bay of Bengal ? Give two reasons. Name the two rivers draining into the Arabian Sea. (3)
- Q No.15. Why does Brahmaputra become a big river on entering India ? (3)
- Q No.16. What values are associated with Universal Adult Franchise ? Explain. (3)
- Q No.17. Why did the people of Chile want to overthrow Pinochet's rule ? (3)
- Q No.18. Give three examples to prove that political equality is still missing in many countries of the world. (3)
- Q No.19. Explain any three the significant steps taken by the government under 'Sarva Siksha Abhiyan'. (3)

- Q No.20. Why does chemical fertilizer reduce soil fertility? (3)
- Q No.21. Why were women disappointed by the Constitution of 1791 in France? What laws did the revolutionary government introduce to improve the lives of women? (5)
- Q No.22. (a) Describe February Revolution of 1917 and October Revolution of 1917 in brief. (5)
- OR
- Q No.22. (b) Highlight five events of 1933 that led to the destruction of democracy in Germany. (5)
- Q No.23. Explain the implication of the following in India. (5)
- (i) Vast longitudinal extent
 - (ii) Long coast line
- Q No.24. Assess the contributions made by the Constituent Assembly to form the Indian Constitution. (5)
- Q No.25. What do you understand by the Gdansk Agreement? What led to the agreement? (5)
- Q No.26. "Human resources are an indispensable factor of production". Justify. (5)
- Q No.27. Explain the distribution of workforce engaged in non-farming activities in rural areas. Suggest some measures to increase non-farming activities. (5)
- Q No.28. Describe two revolutions taken place in Indian Economy to prove that investment in human capital can bring higher position for the country. (5)
- Q No.29. Three items A, B and C are shown in the given outline map of France. Identify these items with the help of following information and write their correct names on the lines marked on the map. (3)
- (A) Region not affected by the Great Fear
 - (B) A port of France related to slave trade.
 - (C) Epicenter of main panic movement.
- Note:** The following questions are for the visually impaired candidates only:
- (29.1) Name the eastern region of France which was not affected by the Great fear?
 - (29.2) Who ascended to the throne of France in 1774?
 - (29.3) Name any one port related to Slave Trade
- Q No.30. On the given political outline map of India, locate and label the following with appropriate symbols: (3)
- (X) Standard Meridian of India
 - (Y) Garo Hills
 - (Z) Kaveri River
- Note :** The following questions are for the visually impaired candidates only.
- (30.1) What is the longitude of Standard Meridian of India?
 - (30.2) What is the name of outermost range of the Himalayas?
 - (30.3.) Name the river which rises from a spring near Mahabaleshwar.