

Social Science

Class X

Time allowed: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 80

General Instructions:

1. The question paper has 36 questions in all. All questions are compulsory.
2. Marks are indicated against each question.
3. Questions from serial number 1-16 are multiple choice questions (MCQs) of 1 mark each. Every MCQ is provided with four alternatives. Write the correct alternative in your answer book.
4. Questions from serial number 17 to 29 are 3 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 80 words each
5. Questions from serial number 30 to 34 are 4 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 100 words each
6. Question number 35 is a map question of 2 marks from History and Question number 36 is a map question of 3 marks from Geography.

Q1. The treaty of Vienna signed in:

- (a) 1808 (b) 1805 (c) 1815 (d) 1816

Q2. Zollverein war was:

- (a) Custom union (b) Name of French Army  
(c) Trade union (d) Language of Germany

Q3. Swadeshi flag had how many lotus:

- (a) 6 (b) 7 (c) 8 (d) 9

Q4. Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan was the leader of:

- (a) Punjab (b) Bengal (c) North West Frontier province (d) Sindh

Q5. The best quality of iron ore is:

- (a) Hematite (b) Magnetite  
(c) Limonite (d) Siderite

Q6. The largest wind farm cluster located in:

- (a) Tamil Nadu (b) Kerala  
(c) Gujarat (d) Maharashtra

Q7. Longest highway of India:

- (a) NH-7 (b) NH-8  
(c) NH-15 (d) GT road

Q8. Iron & steel industry is:

Social Science Summative Assessment - II (SA 2 - Term II Examination)

---

(a) Key industry (b) Basic industry

(c) Heavy industry (d) All of above

Q9. 'Third Wave' country is generally used for which country:

(a) India (b) Poland

(c) Nepal (d) Bolivia

Q10. The world MNC is related to which issue:

(a) Nepal's popular struggle (b) Bolivia water war

(c) Environmental Movement (d) Narmada Bachao Andolan

Q11. Founder of Bahujan Samaj Party was:

(a) Kanshi Ram (b) Sahu Maharaj

(c) BR Ambedkar (d) Jyotibha Phule

Q12. Most of the established democracy means:

(a) Foundational Challenge (b) Challenge of experience

(c) Deepening challenge (d) challenge of muscle power

Q13. Who issues coins in India?

(a) RBI (b) Central government

(c) Governor (d) State government

Q14. In rural areas majority of rich farmers takes loans from:

(a) Formal sources (b) Informal (c) Cooperative Society (d) SHG's

Q15. Corgil food is:

(a) Indian Multinational (b) Japanese Multinational (c) Chinese Multinational (d) American Multinational

Q16. AGMARK is meant for:

(a) Food products (b) Aluminium products (c) Agricultural products (d) Milk products

Q17. "Habsburg Empire was a patch work of many regions." Give example. Justify your answer.

OR

State the main features of the Vietnamese Declaration of Independence, 1945.

Q18. Differentiate between civil disobedience movement and non-cooperation movement.

Q19. "Solar energy has a bright future in India". Explain giving three points.

Q20. "Agriculture and Industries go hand in hand". Comment with three points.

Q21. Explain any three factors which affect the location of industries?

Q22. Explain any three specific objectives of Nepalese movement for freedom.

Q23. Democratic government is certainly better than its alternative. Comment.

Q24. The fact that people are complaining is itself a testimony to the success of democracy. Give any three

Social Science Summative Assessment - II (SA 2 - Term II Examination)

---

arguments.

Q25. Do you think that legal reforms of politics can bring about a change in the politics of a country?

Comment.

Q26. Describe the impact of globalization of Indian economy.

Q27. Explain the role played by information and communication technology in the globalization process.

Q28. What were the reasons for the rise & growth of the consumer movement in India?

Q29. Explain the statement 'Markets do not work in a fair manner when producers are few & powerful.'

Q30. Why did the nationalists tensions emerge in the Balkans?

OR

Explain the four effects of the Vietnam War within the US.

Q31. What was the impact of the Rowlatt Act Satyagraha on the political situation in India?

Q32. Means of transport & communication have converted the world into a large village. Explain with your suitable examples.

Q33. Write the differences between National & Regional Party? Write about some regional party.

Q34. What are SHG's? How do they solve the problem of credit in rural areas?

Q35. Locate and label:

(a) The place from where the movement of Indigo planters was started.

(b) The place where Indian National Congress session 1927 was held.

OR, Locate and label the following items

a) Kheda - The place of Peasant Satyagrah

b) Chauri Chaura - The centre of calling off the Non-Cooperation Movement.

Q36. Locate and label the following in the same map:

(a) Digboi (b) Tutricorn (c) Mumbai high

MCQ Ans: Q1. c Q2. a Q3. c Q4. c Q5. a Q6. a Q7. a Q8. d

Q9. c Q10. b Q11. d Q12. b Q13. b Q14. a Q15. d Q16. c